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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/293,669	04/16/1999	BRETT J. DOLEMAN	018564-00211	5175
20350	7590 12/31/2003		EXAMINER	
TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER EIGHTH FLOOR			HANDY, DWAYNE K	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834		1743	
			DATE MAILED: 12/31/2003	3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,		A S-18				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Communication	09/293,669	DOLEMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Dwayne K Handy	1743				
The MAILING DATE of this commun. Period for Reply	ication appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum st - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply - Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rep munication. do) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH will, by statute, cause the application to become ABAI	(30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>16 <i>October 2003</i></u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL .	2b)∭ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-15 and 17-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>9-15 and 17-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any obje	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
<u> </u>	g the correction is required if the drawing(s					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim	on for a list of the certified copies not re	119(e) (to a provisional application)				
	nguage provisional application has bee	l				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim to reference was included in the first ser	for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § ntence of the specification or in an App	•				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) F	PTO-948) 5) D Notice of Info	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 9-11 were previously rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Manzoni et al. (6,066,249). This rejection remains in effect. Please see Response to Arguments below.

Inventorship

3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Manzoni et al. (6,066,249). This rejection remains in effect. Please see Response to Arguments below.
- 6. Claims 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Manzoni et al. (6,066,249) in view of Lewis et al. (5,571,401). This rejection remains in effect. Please see Response to Arguments below.

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Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 10/16/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In traversing the Examiner's previous rejections, applicant appears to be relying on two main arguments: (1) Manzoni does not teach the contacting of a sensor array to an "odorant"; and (2) There is no motivation to combine Manzoni with Lewis. The Examiner disagrees.

First, the Examiner concedes that Manzoni does not specifically recite the measuring of an odorant. The Examiner does not believe, however, that the measuring of an odor as recited in the instant claim is enough to distinguish the instant method over what is cited in Manzoni. This is because the sensor in the method does not measure "odor" - it provides a response to the other properties of the actual compound and not it's odor. As stated in the previous action, the Examiner considers the claimed method to essentially be a validation method. The method involves a comparison of two readings taken to measure the presence of a compound. This is what Manzoni also does. The Examiner has searched the specification and cannot find any distinguishing characteristics provided by the *odor* of the compound when it contacts the sensor array. It appears that the sensor recognizes the compounds not by their odor, but instead by their measured resistance or partition coefficients (Figures 2, 4 and 5). Therefore it appears that the definition of the compound specifically as an odorant is not relevant to whether or not the sensor is validated as working. The sensor merely needs to be able to provide a unique response for the compound being measured. As to the contention that there is no motivation to combine the validation method of Manzoni with

the array of Lewis, the Examiner believes that the use of a validation method to ensure that a sensor array is in working order to be relevant in the sensor art and particularly relevant for use in industrial applications as is taught in both Manzoni and Lewis.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dwayne K Handy whose telephone number is (703)-305-0211. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on (703)-308-4037. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)-872-9310.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)-308-0661.

Dkh

December 29, 2003

ROBERT J. WARDEN, SR. SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Robert 7. Warden S.

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